

Strands	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3
Locational Knowledge	Year 1 Unit 2: People and their	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather
	Communities	World	Year 3 Unit 2: Our World
Y1, Y2: Name and locate the world's seven	Year 1 Unit 3: Animals and their	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts
continents and five oceans.	Habitats	Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food	
		·	End of Year 3, expected:
Y1, Y2: Name, locate and identify	End of Year 1, expected:	End of Year 2, expected:	Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a
characteristics of the four countries and capital	Can locate some major cities,	Can identify and name the relevant	globe or map.
cities of the United Kingdom and its	oceans and continents on a UK and	continents.	Know about the continents and countries of the world and
surrounding seas.	world map.		the 'countries' and 'continents' on the world map they have
	Can use a world map, atlas or globe	Can name the capitals of the UK.	made.
Y3, Y4: Locate the world's countries, using	to name and locate the seven	Can use an atlas to name and	Can talk about the poles, equator and lines of latitude and
maps to focus on Europe (including the location	continents and five oceans.	locate on a map the four countries	longitude, and mark them appropriately on their own map
of Russia) and North and South America,		and capital cities of the UK.	and can distinguish between them.
concentrating on their environmental regions,	Can name most of the nations and		Can identify on a globe or map the position of the
key physical and human characteristics,	capitals of the UK.		Prime/Greenwich Meridian.
countries, and major cities	Can understand that they live in		Can describe the significance of latitude and longitude.
	the UK and it is an island, can		
Y3, Y4: Name and locate counties and cities of	identify the UK and its surrounding		Can locate and describe some human and physical
the United Kingdom, geographical regions and	seas.		characteristics of the UK (e.g. use a copy of a map of the
their identifying human and physical			British Isles and locate and label the main British seaside
characteristics, key topographical features			locations they have visited).
(including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns, and understand how			Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major urban areas, can locate where they live/have visited in the UK
some of these aspects have changed over time.			(e.g. seaside/coastal places they have visited).
some of these aspects have changed over time.			(e.g. seaside/coastai piaces they have visited).
Y3,Y4: Identify the position and significance of			Can identify the position of the Prime/Greenwich Meridian
latitude, longitude, equator, northern			and understands the significance of latitude and longitude
hemisphere, southern hemisphere, the Tropics			(e.g. describe how climate varies with latitude and in relation
of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic			to equator, tropics and poles).
Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time			Can talk about time zones and day and night.
zones (including day and night).			and and the same and and the man
Place Knowledge	Year 1 Unit 2: People and their	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather
	Communities	Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food	Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts
Y1, Y2: Understand geographical similarities	Year 1 Unit 3: Animals and their	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	
and differences through studying the human	Habitats	World	End of Year 3, expected:



and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.  Y3. V4: Understand geographical similarities				
Y3. Y4: Understand geographical similarities				

Y3, Y4: Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America.

End of Year 1, expected:

Can describe in some detail the local area and distant locations' features using images to support answers.

Can compare the local area to distant locations. This might be naming key landmarks, e.g. the nearest local green space or landmarks of other capital cities. Know that people do jobs and that where they live (e.g. coastline) might affect this. Have some sense of what animals eat and the dangers (human or physical) animals might encounter.

End of Year 2, expected:
Can demonstrate locational
awareness, name their local area,
and that they live in the UK.
Know that weather can be different
in different parts of the UK.
Can describe a local natural
environment (animals and plants)
and use a range of good quality key
vocabulary.

Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary (e.g. UK in temperate zone).

**Human and Physical Geography** 

Y1, Y2: Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and the north and south poles.

Y3, Y4: Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.

Y3, Y4: Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water.

Year 1 Unit 2: People and their Communities

Year 1 Unit 3: Animals and their Habitats

End of Year 1, expected:
Show limited awareness of
weather differences.
Can describe which continents
have significant hot or cold areas
and relate these to the poles and
equator. Use a world map, atlas or
globe to locate the continents and
oceans relative to the equator and
poles.

Can describe and ask questions about seasonal and daily weather patterns (UK and overseas) and describe which continents have significant hot or cold areas and relate these to the poles and Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons

End of Year 2, expected: Know the four seasons and the correct order and identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the UK.

Know that weather can be different in different parts of the UK. Start to give reasons why the UK has the weather it does (e.g. wind). Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather

Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts

End of Year 3, expected:

Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary.

Can describe how physical processes can cause hazards to people.

Can describe some advantages and disadvantages of living in hazard-prone areas (e.g. understand the dangers of floods, drought and climate change).

Can use simple geographical vocabulary to describe significant physical features and talk about how they change (e.g. the features of coasts).

Can describe some advantages and disadvantages of living in hazard-prone areas (e.g. the dangers of the sea – tides, cliff falls, erosion and flooding).

End of Year 3, expected:



	equator. Can make comparisons when prompted with the weather in your area. Identify seasonal weather patterns.		Can identify and sequence a range of (UK) seaside/coastal settlement sizes from a village to a city. Can describe the characteristics of (UK) settlements with different functions, e.g. features, settlements and activities associated with coastal towns, such as tourism, ports and
			docks.
Geographical skill and fieldwork	Year 1 Unit 2: People and their	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather
	Communities	Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food	Year 3 Unit 2: Our World
Y1, Y2: Use world maps, atlases and globes to	Year 1 Unit 3: Animals and their	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts
identify the United Kingdom and its countries,	Habitats	World	
as well as the countries, continents and oceans	Year 1 Unit 1: Our Local Area		End of Year 3, expected:
studied at this key stage.		End of Year 2, expected:	Can use the zoom function of a digital map to locate places
	End of Year 1, expected:	Can locate the UK and name the	and gather information (e.g. uses Google Earth to locate
Y1, Y2: Use simple compass directions (north,	Can use a world map, atlas or globe	countries of the UK.	places within different climate zones, to zoom in on the
south, east and west) and locational and	to recognise and name some	Can use an atlas to name and	poles, equator and tropics)
directional language (for example, near and far;	continents and oceans. Use a UK	locate on a map the four countries	Can talk about the 'globe' they started with and how they
left and right), to describe the location of	wall map or atlas to locate and	and capital cities of the UK.	made it into a map, the challenges they faced and how they
features and routes on a map.	with support identify the four	Can use atlas, map or globe to	overcame them.
	countries and capital cities of the	locate some wonders (of the	Can use most of the vocabulary introduced in the unit when
Y1, Y2: Use aerial photographs and plan	UK.	world).	talking about their map.
perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic	Can use a wall map or atlas to		Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major
human and physical features, devise a simple	locate and identify countries taught	Can use a range of good quality key	urban areas, can locate where they live/have visited in the UK
map, and use and construct basic symbols in a	in the unit.	vocabulary, including directional	(e.g. seaside/coastal places they have visited).
key.		language, to describe a local	
V4 V2: Use simple field work and sheem etimed	Know about the local area and can	natural environment (animals and	Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major
Y1, Y2: Use simple fieldwork and observational	name and locate key landmarks	plants).	urban areas, can locate where they live/have visited in the UK
skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical	(e.g. create a vocabulary list of the human and physical features of the	Can use and understand basic	(e.g. seaside/coastal places they have visited). Can use directional language and grid references when
features of its surrounding environment.	local area and describe these	weather symbols.	talking about locations.
leatures of its surrounding environment.	features and locate them on a map	Can use photographs and plan	taking about locations.
Y3, Y4: Use maps, atlases, globes and	using images or drawings).	perspectives to describe and	Can use fieldwork to measure, record and describe the
digital/computer mapping to locate countries	Can use appropriate language	recognise landmarks and basic	characteristics of the temperate zone using appropriate
and describe features studied.	when talking about maps and	human and physical features.	vocabulary.
and account reactines studied.	locations.	Correctly use most of the key	
Y3, Y4: Use the eight points of a compass,	Can describe a journey on a map of	vocabulary given in the unit.	
four/six-figure grid references, symbols and key	the local area using simple	, g	
(including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to	compass directions and locational	Can use geographical skills	
	and directional language (e.g. after	(sketching) and creative means	



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build their knowledge of the United Kingdom	a walk to a nearby green space,	(role play, questioning) to show	
and the wider world.	describe the route taken on a	their understanding of different	
	large-scale map using compass	weather and seasons.	
Y3, Y4: Use fieldwork to observe, measure,	directions and locational language		
record and present the human and physical	prompted by their journey stick).		
features in the local area using a range of			
methods, including sketch maps, plans and	Know about the local area and can		
graphs, and digital technologies.	name and locate key landmarks		
	(e.g. create a vocabulary list of the		
	human and physical features of the		
	local area and describe these		
	features and locate them on a map		
	using images or drawings).		
	Can describe a journey on a map of		
	the local area using simple		
	compass directions and locational		
	and directional language (e.g. after		
	a walk to a nearby green space,		
	describe the route taken on a		
	large-scale map using compass		
	directions and locational language		
	prompted by their journey stick).		
Geographical Vocabulary	Year 1 Unit 2: People and their	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	
	Communities	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	
Y1, Y2: Use basic geographical vocabulary to	Year 1 Unit 3: Animals and their	World	
refer to key physical features, including; beach,	Habitats		
cliff, coast, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean,	Year 1 Unit 1: Our Local Area	End of Year 2, expected:	
river, soil, valley, vegetation, season and		Can identify multiple weather	
weather.	End of Year 1, expected:	types.	
	Know about the local area and can	Can demonstrate that they	
Y1, Y2: Use basic geographical vocabulary to	name and locate key landmarks	understand basic, subject-specific	
refer to key human features, including; city,	(e.g. create a vocabulary list of the	vocabulary relating to physical	
town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port,	human and physical features of the	geography (weather).	
harbour and shop.	local area and describe these	Write sentences about different	
	features).	weather types using good	
	Can use appropriate vocabulary in	vocabulary.	
	relation to the human and physical		



features of local and distant locations.

Can describe the physical and human geography of a distant place.

Can recognise a natural environment and describe it using geographical vocabulary. They can relate this to the animals studied in the unit.

Know about the local area and can name and locate key landmarks (e.g. create a vocabulary list of the human and physical features of the local area and describe these features and locate them on a map using images or drawings).

Can use appropriate vocabulary in relation to the human and physical features of local and distant locations.

Describe the physical and human geography of a distant place.

Can talk with confidence about human and physical environments, such as farmland, the local area or further afield (e.g. a major UK city), naming features and using some key vocabulary.

Can identify and name some of the wonders (of the world).
Can give reasons for choices.
Correctly use most of the key vocabulary given in the unit.

Talk with confidence about human and physical environments, such as farmland, the local area or further afield (e.g. a major UK city), naming features and using some key vocabulary.

Can identify and name some of the wonders (of the world).
Give reasons for choice of local wonders.

Correctly use most of the key vocabulary given in the unit.