

Strands	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4
Locational Knowledge	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather	Year 4 Unit 1: The Americas
	World	Year 3 Unit 2: Our World	Year 4 Unit 3: Earthquakes and Volcanoes
Y1, Y2: Name and locate the world's seven	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts	Year 4 Unit 2: Rivers and the Water Cycle
continents and five oceans.	Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food		
		End of Year 3, expected:	End of Year 4, expected:
Y1, Y2: Name, locate and identify	End of Year 2, expected:	Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate	Can locate some countries in Europe, North and
characteristics of the four countries and capital	Can identify and name the	zones on a globe or map.	South America on a map or atlas, and relate them
cities of the United Kingdom and its	relevant continents.	Know about the continents and countries of the	to longitude, latitude and hemisphere (e.g. Italy,
surrounding seas.		world and the 'countries' and 'continents' on the	Ecuador).
	Can name the capitals of the	world map they have made.	Can relate continent, country, state and city. Can
Y3, Y4: Locate the world's countries, using	UK.	Can talk about the poles, equator and lines of	identify states in North America using a map (e.g.
maps to focus on Europe (including the location	Can use an atlas to name and	latitude and longitude, and mark them	using the words of the song 'Route 66', locate the
of Russia) and North and South America,	locate on a map the four	appropriately on their own map and can	places mentioned on a map of the USA to show a
concentrating on their environmental regions,	countries and capital cities of	distinguish between them.	route across the USA and describe the route).
key physical and human characteristics,	the UK.	Can identify on a globe or map the position of the	Can use a map to locate some states of the USA
countries, and major cities		Prime/Greenwich Meridian.	(e.g. California).
		Can describe the significance of latitude and	Can use a map or atlas to locate some countries
Y3, Y4: Name and locate counties and cities of		longitude.	and cities in Europe or North and South America.
the United Kingdom, geographical regions and			
their identifying human and physical		Can locate and describe some human and physical	Can locate and label the main British rivers on a
characteristics, key topographical features		characteristics of the UK (e.g. use a copy of a map	map of the British Isles and add the names of
(including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers),		of the British Isles and locate and label the main	settlements at the mouth of the rivers.
and land-use patterns, and understand how		British seaside locations they have visited).	Can describe a river and mountain environment in
some of these aspects have changed over time.		Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some	the UK, using appropriate geographical vocabulary.
		major urban areas, can locate where they live/have	
Y3,Y4: Identify the position and significance of		visited in the UK (e.g. seaside/coastal places they	Can describe and compare the physical and human
latitude, longitude, equator, northern		have visited).	characteristics of some regions in North or South
hemisphere, southern hemisphere, the Tropics			America.
of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic		Can identify the position of the Prime/Greenwich	Can offer explanations for the similarities and
Circle, the Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time		Meridian and understands the significance of	differences between some regions in North or
zones (including day and night).		latitude and longitude (e.g. describe how climate	South America (e.g. relate to north and south
		varies with latitude and in relation to equator,	hemispheres and distance from the equator)
		tropics and poles).	Can use an atlas to locate volcanoes and locations
		Can talk about time zones and day and night.	of earthquakes and describe the position of the
			Pacific Ocean, mountain chains, etc.



Place Knowledge
Y1, Y2: Understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in a contrasting non-European country.
Y3, Y4: Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom, a region in a European country, and a region within North or South America.

Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful World

End of Year 2, expected:
Can demonstrate locational awareness, name their local area, and that they live in the UK.
Know that weather can be different in different parts of the UK.
Can describe a local natural environment (animals and

plants) and use a range of

good quality key vocabulary.

Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts

End of Year 3, expected:
Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary (e.g. UK in temperate zone).

Year 4 Unit 1: The Americas

Can identify and sequence a range of (North and/or South American) settlement sizes from a village to a city.

Can describe the characteristics of settlements with different functions.

Can describe and compare the physical and human characteristics of some regions in North or South America.

Offer explanations for the similarities and differences between some regions in North or South America.

Can describe how the human and physical characteristics are connected for one or two regions in North or South America (e.g. using photos, information sheets and Google Earth, record information about several cities in North America and South America and their surrounding areas, select two cities and their surrounding areas to compare, drawing out human and physical characteristics, differences and similarities).

Human and Physical Geography

Y1, Y2: Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the equator and the north and south poles.

Y3, Y4: Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography, including climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and earthquakes, and the water cycle.

Y3, Y4: Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlement

Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons

End of Year 2, expected:
Know the four seasons and
the correct order and identify
seasonal and daily weather
patterns in the UK.
Know that weather can be
different in different parts of
the UK.
Start to give reasons why the
UK has the weather it does
(e.g. wind).

Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts

End of Year 3, expected:

Can indicate tropical, temperate and polar climate zones on a globe or map and describe the characteristics of these zones using appropriate vocabulary.

Can describe how physical processes can cause hazards to people.

Can describe some advantages and disadvantages of living in hazard-prone areas (e.g. understand the dangers of floods, drought and climate change). Can use simple geographical vocabulary to describe significant physical features and talk

Year 4 Unit 2: Rivers and the Water Cycle Year 4 Unit 3: Earthquakes and Volcanoes Year 4 Unit 2: Rivers and the Water Cycle

End of Year 4, expected:

Can use simple geographical vocabulary to describe significant physical features of rivers and talk about how they change.

Can describe a river and mountain environment in the UK, using appropriate geographical vocabulary. Can describe the water cycle in sequence, using appropriate vocabulary, and name some of the processes associated with rivers and mountains. Can give reasons why physical processes can cause hazards to people, e.g. flooding, earthquakes, etc.



and land use, economic activity including trade		about how they change (e.g. the features of	Can describe some advantages and disadvantages
links, and the distribution of natural resources		coasts).	of living in hazard-prone areas (eg dangers of rivers
including energy, food, minerals and water.		Can describe some advantages and disadvantages	and mountains).
melading energy, rood, minerals and water.		of living in hazard-prone areas (e.g. the dangers of	Can use simple geographical vocabulary to
		the sea – tides, cliff falls, erosion and flooding).	describe significant physical features and talk
		the sear tides, clim rails, crosion and nooding,	about how they change. Can describe a volcano,
		End of Year 3, expected:	volcanic eruption and an earthquake (e.g. make a
		Can identify and sequence a range of (UK)	working model of a volcano, label its features and
		seaside/coastal settlement sizes from a village to a	explain what happens when it erupts).
		city.	
		Can describe the characteristics of (UK)	Can describe the characteristics of (North
		settlements with different functions, e.g. features,	American) settlements with different functions.
		settlements and activities associated with coastal	Can use appropriate vocabulary to describe the
		towns, such as tourism, ports and docks.	main land uses within urban areas and identify the
			key characteristics of rural areas (e.g. using Google
			Earth, atlases and images, research several major
			cities in North and South America and identify how
			they are different and similar).
Geographical skill and fieldwork	Year 2 Unit 1: Seasons	Year 3 Unit 1: Climate and Weather	Year 4 Unit 1: The Americas
	Year 2 Unit 2: Journeys – Food	Year 3 Unit 2: Our World	Year 4 Unit 2: Rivers and the Water Cycle
Y1, Y2: Use world maps, atlases and globes to	Year 2 Unit 3: Our Wonderful	Year 3 Unit 3: Coasts	Year 4 Unit 3: Earthquakes and Volcanoes
identify the United Kingdom and its countries,	World		
as well as the countries, continents and oceans		End of Year 3, expected:	Can use a map or atlas (including index) to locate
studied at this key stage.	End of Year 2, expected:	Can use the zoom function of a digital map to	some countries and cities in Europe, North and
	Can locate the UK and name	locate places and gather information (e.g. uses	South America.
Y1, Y2: Use simple compass directions (north,	the countries of the UK.	Google Earth to locate places within different	Can use a map to locate some states of the USA
south, east and west) and locational and	Can use an atlas to name and	climate zones, to zoom in on the poles, equator	(e.g. use an atlas to locate places and be able to
directional language (for example, near and far;	locate on a map the four	and tropics)	describe the location of the place using a nested
left and right), to describe the location of	countries and capital cities of	Can talk about the 'globe' they started with and	hierarchy).
features and routes on a map.	the UK.	how they made it into a map, the challenges they	Can relate continent, country, state and city. Can
	Can use atlas, map or globe to	faced and how they overcame them.	identify states in North America using a map (e.g.
Y1, Y2: Use aerial photographs and plan	locate some wonders (of the	Can use most of the vocabulary introduced in the	using the words of the song 'Route 66', locate the
perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic	world).	unit when talking about their map.	places mentioned on a map of the USA to show a
human and physical features, devise a simple	Con was a way of	Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some	route across the USA and describe the route).
map, and use and construct basic symbols in a	Can use a range of good	major urban areas, can locate where they live/have	Can use the zoom function of a digital map to
key.	quality key vocabulary,	visited in the UK (e.g. seaside/coastal places they	locate places (e.g. using Google Earth, starting at
	including directional	have visited).	Denver, Colorado, near to the centre of the USA –
	language, to describe a local		



- Y1, Y2: Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.
- Y3, Y4: Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features studied.
- Y3, Y4: Use the eight points of a compass, four/six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom and the wider world.
- Y3, Y4: Use fieldwork to observe, measure, record and present the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.

natural environment (animals and plants).

Can use and understand basic weather symbols.
Can use photographs and plan perspectives to describe and recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features.

Correctly use most of the key vocabulary given in the unit.

Can use geographical skills (sketching) and creative means (role play, questioning) to show their understanding of different weather and seasons.

Can use an atlas to locate the UK and locate some major urban areas, can locate where they live/have visited in the UK (e.g. seaside/coastal places they have visited).

Can use directional language and grid references when talking about locations.

Can use fieldwork to measure, record and describe the characteristics of the temperate zone using appropriate vocabulary. zoom out to identify states and cities of the USA and locate them on a map).

Can use the zoom function of a digital map to locate places (e.g. global rivers and mountain ranges, locations of earthquakes and volcanoes).

Can give direction instructions up to eight compass points.

Can make a map of a route with features in the correct order and in the correct places.

In a group, can carry out fieldwork in the local area selecting appropriate techniques (e.g. to create a river in the playground using natural materials, use a watering can to form the river, observe and record what happens to the water over different materials, take photographs and label with key river features and processes).